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# FIFTH ADDENDUM TO THE

## BRITISH PHARMACOPŒIA

1932

PUBLISHED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

THE GENERAL COUNCIL OF
MEDICAL EDUCATION AND REGISTRATION
OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

PURSUANT TO THE ACTS

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AND XXV & XXVI VICTORIA CAP XCL(1862)



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### NOTICE

By Section 2 of the Medical Council Act 1862, the exclusive right of publishing, printing, and selling the British Pharmacopeeia is vested in the General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom.

The British Pharmacopoeia, 1932, superseded previous issues of the British Pharmacopoeia, being for all purposes deemed to be substituted for such previous issues.

The Addendum, 1936, the Second Addendum, 1940, the Third Addendum, 1941, and the Fourth Addendum, 1941, altered and amended the British Pharmacopæia, 1932, and this Fifth Addendum effects further alterations and emendations. The General Notices and Appendices included in the British Pharmacopæia, 1932, the Addendum, 1936, the Second Addendum, 1940, the Third Addendum, 1941, and the Fourth Addendum, 1941, apply to all matter contained in this Addendum, unless the contrary is specifically stated.

This Addendum has the same authority as the British Pharmacope ia, 1932, as amended by the Addendum, 1936, the Second Addendum, 1940, the Third Addendum, 1941, and the Fourth Addendum, 1941. Monographs or appendices of the British Pharmacopeia, 1932, or of these Addenda, which are amended by this Fifth Addendum, supersede, in their amended forms, the original monographs or appendices.

## NOTICE CONCERNING CONCENTRATED PREPARATIONS

As a war-time measure to economise alcohol, this Addendum contains certain monographs giving formulæ for concentrated preparations to be used as alternatives to the corresponding preparations of the British Pharmacopena. Authority for this use is given by a Scarce Substances Order, 1942 (Statutory Rules and Orders, No. 709).

The restricted use, during the present emergency, of certain drugs contained in these preparations has been advised. The inclusion of the formula does not represent a recommendation of the use of the drugs, but merely provides for their use in the form which requires the least possible amount of alcohol.

## **PREFACE**

## TO THE FIFTH ADDENDUM TO THE BRITISH PHARMACOPCEIA, 1932

SECTION 54 of the Medical Act, 1858, provides that the General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom 'shall cause to be published under their direction a Book containing a list of medicines and compounds, and the manner of preparing them, together with the true weights and measures by which they are to be prepared and mixed, and containing such other matter and things relating thereto as the General Council shall think fit, to be called "The British Pharmacopæia"; and the General Council shall cause to be altered, amended, and republished, such Pharmacopæia as often as they shall deem it necessary."

This Addendum to the British Pharmacopæia, 1932, has been prepared by the British Pharmacopæia Commission and approved by the Pharmacopæia Committee of the Council in the discharge of the duty entrusted to them by the Standing Orders of the Council to deal with all matters relating to the preparation and publication of the British Pharmacopæia.

The Pharmacopoia Committee of the Council, in a Report made by it to the Council in accordance with the Standing Orders, has conveyed to the Council a cordial expression of its appreciation of the work done by the Commission in preparing this Addendum; and also by the persons and bodies, both in this country and abroad, by whose collaboration that task has been facilitated.

GRNERAL MEDICAL COUNCIL OFFICE, 44 HALLAM STREET, PORTLAND PLACE, LONDON, W.1.

## THE BRITISH

#### PHARMACOPCEIA COMMISSION

- Chairman: \* J. A. Gunn, M.D., Professor of Therapeutics in the University of Oxford.
- R. R. Bennett, B.Sc., Chairman of the British Pharmaceutical Conference, 1928 and 1929.
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- P. Hartley, C.B.E., M.C., D.Sc., Director of Biological Standards, the National Institute for Medical Research, Hampstead.
- B. F. Howako, Vice-President of the Institute of Chemistry, 1930–1933.
- D. HUNTER, M.D., Physician to the London Hospital.
- W. H. LISNELL, D Sc., Reader in Pharmaceutical Chemistry in the University of London.
- T. TICKLE, B.Sc., Public Analyst to the County of Devon.
- Secretary: C. H. HAMPSHIRE, M.B., B.Sc.
- Dr. A. P. Beddard, Consulting Physician to Guy's Hospital, was Chairman of the Commission until his death in November 1939.

#### Additions to the British Pharmacopæia, 1932

Emulsio Chloroformi Tinetura Cinchonse Composita Emulsio Menthæ Piperitæ Concentrata Tinctura Gentiana Composita Extractum Quillaire Liquidum Concentrata Extractum Scille Liquidum Tinctura Limonia Concentrata Liquor Æthylis Nitritis Concen-Tinctura Lobelia Ætheres Contratus centrata Liquor Ammoniae Aromaticus Tinctura Opii Camphorata Con-Tinctura Concentrata centrata Tinctura Aurantii Concentrata Tinctura Quassise Concentrata Tinctura Capsici Concentrata Tinctura Tolutana Concentrata Tinctura Cardamomi Composita Tinctura Valerianse Ammoniata Concentrata Concentrata

Monograph of the British Pharmacopæia, 1932, which was amended by Notice in the London, Edinburgh, Belfast and Dublin Gazettes, with effect from March 20th, 1942

#### Extractum Malti

# Monographs of the British Pharmacopæia, 1932, and Addenda, which are amended by the Fifth Addendum

Belladonna Pulverata Extractum Filicis
Belladonnæ Folium Linimentum Belladonnæ
Belladonnæ Radix Menthol
Digoxinum Mepacrinæ Methanosulphonas
Extractum Belladonnæ Liquidum Syrupus Aurantii
Tinctura Belladonnæ

APPENDICES TO THE BRITISH PHARMACOPŒIA, 1932, AND ADDENDA, WHICH ARE AMENDED BY THE FIFTH ADDENDUM

Appendix I. Materials and Solutions Employed in Tests

Appendix XVI. Special Processes Used in Preparing Solutions and Suspensions for Parenteral Injection

## MONOGRAPHS

#### BELLADONNA PULVERATA

[Bellad. Pulverat.]

#### Powdered Belladonna Leaf

Synonym. Pulvis Belladonnæ.

British Pharmacopæia, 1932, page 82, delete lines 39 to 41; page 83, delete lines 1 and 2, insert "Powdered Belladonna Leaf is Belladonna Leaf from Atropa Belladonna or Atropa lutescens or any mixture of the two, reduced to a fine powder and adjusted, if necessary, either by the admixture in suitable proportions of powdered belladonna leaf, having lower or higher alkaloidal content, or by the addition of powdered exhausted Belladonna Leaf, to contain 0-3 per cent. of alkaloids, calculated as hyoscyamine (limits 0-28 to 0-32)."

## BELLADONNÆ FOLIUM

[Bellad. Fol.]

#### Belladonna Leaf

British Pharmacopæia, 1932, page 83, line 19, after "Linn.," insert "or of Atropa lutescens Jacquem. (Indian Belladonna),"

delete lines 20 to 25, insert "dried. The leaf of Atropa Belladonna contains not less than 0.3 per cent., and that of Atropa lutescens not less than 0.15 per cent., of the alkaloids of Belladonna Leaf, calculated as hyoscyamine."

line 26, after "Characters" insert "Atropa Belladonna".

page 84, after line 4, insert "Atropa lutescens.

Closely resembles the leaf of Atropa Belladonna, from which it differs in the following particulars. Leaves, oblong-elliptical, taper-

ing at both the apex and base of the lamina, pale green. Flowers, funnel-shaped, yellow. Fruit, a sub-globular berry."

line 5, delete "Ash not more than 15 per cent."

line 6, after "per cent." insert "stem having a width greater than 5 millimetres, not more than 3 per cent.; other foreign organic matter, not more than 2 per cent."

lines 34 to 37, delete "Remove the chloroform, add to the residue 2 millilitres of dehydrated alcohol, evaporate to dryness, and dry for half an hour at 100°;"

insert "Remove most of the chloroform and transfer the remainder of the chloroform solution to a shallow open dish. Complete the removal of the chloroform, add to the residue 2 millilitres of dehydrated alcohol, evaporate to dryness, and dry at 100° for two hours, or until moist red litmus paper held just above the residue for two minutes does not change colour."

line 43, after "Preparations" insert "In making these preparations, Belladonna Leaf from Atropa Belladonna or from Atropa lutescene (Indian Belladonna), or a mixture of the two, may be used."

#### BELLADONNÆ RADIX

[Bellad. Rad.]

### Belladonna Root

British Pharmacopæia, 1932, page 85, line 5, after "Linn." insert "or of Atropa lutescens Jacquem. (Indian Belladonna)."

delete lines 5 to 7, insert "Linn. The root of Atropa Belladonna contains not less than 0.4 per cent., and that of Atropa lutescens not less than 0.25 per cent., of the alkaloids of Belladonna Root, calculated as hyoscyamine."

line 8, after "Characters" insert "Atropa Belladonna".

after line 18, insert "Atropa lutescens. Nearly cylindrical pieces about 0.5 to 3 centimetres in diameter, occasionally branched; pieces including the crown, about 3 to 9 centimetres in diameter at the summit, bearing the bases of about 4 to 12 aerial stems. Root, slightly contorted; externally pale brownish-grey and wrinkled longitudinally; internally, a rather dark bark about 1 millimetre thick surrounding a yellowish-grey woody core, consisting of a central, solid cylinder of porous xylem, externally to which are from 1 to 4 concentric cylinders of yellowish xylem strands separated by narrow cylinders of parenchyma and sieve tissue, and traversed radially by numerous

narrow meduliary rays; cork, consisting of several layers of brownish cells; secondary phloem with scattered slightly lignified fibres and fibrous cells, collapsed sieve tubes and cells with brown colouring matter; primary xylem diarch; several, usually up to 4. concentric cylindrical tubes of secondary xylem composed of large vessels, about 100 to 250 microns in diameter, with small tracheids and xylem parenchyma; very narrow cylindrical tubes alternating with those of xylem composed of thin-walled, cellulosic parenchyma and soft sieve tissue; medullary rays, composed of starch-bearing, thin-walled parenchyma with occasional idioblasts containing sandy, microsphenoidal crystals of calcium oxalate; in the central mass, two medullary rays only; in the surrounding xylem cylinders, numerous medullary rays. In the root-stock, a central pith about 5 millimetres in diameter, surrounded by concentric cylinders of xylem strands with medullary rays as in the root; externally, a narrow bark about 1 to 2 millimetres wide; pith, often dark in colour, sometimes fistular. Bases of the aerial stems, about 1 to 2 centimetres in diameter, hollow, with a xylem cylinder about 2 to 3 millimetres thick; cork, phloem and secondary xylem, similar to those of the root; at the centre, a pith composed of thin-walled, rounded cellulosic parenchyma, with some idioblasts with sandy, microsphenoidal crystals of calcium oxalate; just within the xvlem, perimedullary sieve tissue with scattered fibres on the inner side; in the cells of the medullary rays, phloem and xylem parenchyma, small rounded starch grains from 3 to 21, mostly 5 to 15, microns in diameter, with occasional compound grains of 2 components."

delete line 19, insert "Tests for Purity. Acid-insoluble ash not more than 2 per cent.; rootstock and aerial stem bases in Atropa Belladonna not more than 10 per cent., in Atropa lutescens not more than 25 per cent.; other foreign organic matter, not more than 2 per cent."

line 22, after "Preparations" insert "In making these preparations, Belladonna Root from Atropa Belladonna or from Atropa lutescens (Indian Belladonna), or any mixture of the two, may be used."

#### **DIGOXINUM**

[Digoxin.]

## Digoxin

Fourth Addendum to the British Pharmacopæia, 1932 page 7, Sterilisation of a Solution.

After line 21, insert "The container is sealed by fusion of the glass, and is not opened until the solution has cooled to room temperature."

#### BRITISH PHARMACOPŒIA, 1932

#### **EMULSIO CHLOROFORMI**

[Emuls. Chlorof.]

#### Emulsion of Chloroform

Chloroform	•	50	millilitres
Liquid Extract of Quillaia		1	millilitre
Mucilage of Tragacanth .	•	50	millilitres
Water, sufficient to produce		1000	millilitres

Shake the Chloroform with the Liquid Extract of Quillaia, add the Mucilage of Tragacanth, shake well, and add gradually sufficient suitable potable water to produce the required volume, shaking well after each addition.

#### DOSES

Metric.

Imperial.
5 to 80 minims.

Emulsion of Chloroform is equivalent, in content of Chloroform, to Spirit of Chloroform.

### EMULSIO MENTHÆ PIPERITÆ

[Emuls. Menth. Pip.]

### **Emulsion of Peppermint**

Oil of	Peppermint	•	100	millilitres
Liquid	Extract of	Quillaia	2.5	millilitres
Water.	sufficient to	o produce	1000	millilitres

Add the Oil of Peppermint to the Liquid Extract of Quillaia, shake, and add gradually sufficient suitable potable water to produce the required volume, shaking well after each addition.

#### DOSES

Metric. 0-3 to 2 mils. Imperial. 5 to 80 minims.

Emulsion of Peppermint is equivalent, in content of Oil of Peppermint, to Spirit of Peppermint.

## EXTRACTUM BELLADONNÆ LIQUIDUM

[Ext. Bellad. Liq.]

## Liquid Extract of Belladonna

In making this Liquid Extract, Belladonna Root from Atropa Belladonna or from Atropa lutescens (Indian Belladonna), or any mixture of the two, may be used. If Belladonna Root containing less than 0.4 per cent. of the alkaloids of Belladonna Root, calculated as hyoscyamine, is used, the process may be modified, provided that the product complies with the official requirements of alkaloidal content and alcohol content.

### **EXTRACTUM FILICIS**

[Ext. Filic.]

### Extract of Male Fern

Arachis Oil, Cottonseed Oil or Sesame Oil may be used, in place of Olive Oil, in making this Extract.

### **EXTRACTUM MALTI**

[Ext. Malt.]

#### Extract of Malt

British Pharmacopæia, 1932, page 177, line 20, after "barley, *Hordeum distichon Linn.*", insert "or a mixture of this with not more than 33 per cent. of sound, malted grain of wheat, *Triticum sativum Lam.*"

## EXTRACTUM QUILLAIÆ LIQUIDUM

[Ext. Quill. Liq.]

## Liquid Extract of Quillaia

Quillaia, in moderately fine powder 1000 grammes Alcohol (45 per cent.), sufficient to produce . . . . 1000 millilitres

Exhaust the Quillaia by percolation with Alcohol (45 per cent.). Reserve the first 850 millilitres of the percolate; remove the alcohol from the remainder of the percolate, and evaporate the residue to a soft extract. Dissolve this in the reserved portion, and add sufficient Alcohol (45 per cent.) to produce the required volume. Set aside for not less than twenty-four hours. Filter.

#### DOSES

Metric.

Imperial. 11/2 to 3 minims.

Liquid Extract of Quillaia has approximately twenty times the strength of Tincture of Quillaia.

## EXTRACTUM SCILLÆ LIQUIDUM

[Ext. Scill. Liq.]

### Liquid Extract of Squill

Squill, or Indian Squill, in coarse powder. . . . . . 1000 grammes Alcohol (70 per cent.), sufficient to produce . . . . . . . . . . . . 1000 millilitres

Exhaust the Squill by percolation with Alcohol (70 per cent.). Reserve the first 850 millilitres of the percolate; remove the alcohol from the remainder of the percolate, and evaporate the residue to a soft extract. Dissolve this in the reserved portion, and add sufficient Alcohol (70 per cent.) to produce the required volume. Set aside for not less than twenty-four hours. Filter.

#### DOSES

Metric. 0.03 to 0.2 mil. Imperial.

1/2 to 3 minims.

Liquid Extract of Squill has approximately ten times the strength of Tincture of Squill.

#### LINIMENTUM BELLADONNÆ

[Lin. Bellad.]

#### Liniment of Belladonna

In making this Liniment, Belladonna Root from Atropa Belladonna or from Atropa lutescens (Indian Belladonna), or any mixture of the two, may be used. If Belladonna Root containing less than 0-4 per cent. of the alkaloids of Belladonna Root, calculated as hyoscyamine, is used, the process may be modified, provided that the product complies with the official requirements of alkaloidal content and alcohol content.

## LIQUOR ÆTHYLIS NITRITIS CONCENTRATUS

[Liq. Æthyl. Nitrit. Conc.]

### Concentrated Solution of Ethyl Nitrite

Concentrated Solution of Ethyl Nitrite is a solution of ethyl nitrite in Alcohol (95 per cent.). When freshly prepared it contains not less than 17-0 per cent. w/v and not more than 20 per cent. w/v of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>N; after storage, and when the container has been opened occasionally, it contains not less than 10 per cent. w/v of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>N. The ethyl nitrite may be prepared by the interaction of alcohol, sodium nitrite and dilute sulphuric acid at a low temperature.

Characters. A transparent, faintly yellow liquid; odour, characteristic and penetrating; taste, characteristic.

Test for Identity. Pour 5 millilitres on to the surface of 5 millilitres of a strong aqueous solution of ferrous sulphate, acidified with sulphuric acid; a deep olive-brown colour is produced at the zone of contact.

Assay. Dilute 5 millilitres to 40 millilitres with alcohol (95 per cent.). Introduce 2 millilitres into a brine-charged nitrometer and complete the Assay as described under 'Spiritus Ætheris Nitrosi'.

Storage. Concentrated Solution of Ethyl Nitrite should be kept in a small well-closed container, protected from light, and stored in a cool place.

#### DOSES

Metric. 0-125 to 0-5 mil. Imperial.
2 to 8 minims.

Concentrated Solution of Ethyl Nitrite has approximately eight times the strength, in content of ethyl nitrite, of Spirit of Nitrous Ether.

## LIQUOR AMMONIÆ AROMATICUS

[Liq. Ammon. Aromat.]

#### Aromatic Solution of Ammonia

Aromatic Solution of Ammonia contains ammonia and ammonium carbonate, together equivalent to not less than 2-1 per cent. w/v and not more than 2-4 per cent. w/v of NH<sub>2</sub>; and not less than 1-265 per cent. w/v and not more than 1-485 per cent. w/v of CO<sub>2</sub>.

Ammonium Car	bonate			25	grammes
Strong Solution	of An	ımoni	а.	52.5	millilitres
Oil of Lemon	•			0.5	millilitre
Oil of Nutmeg				0.3	millilitre
Alcohol (90 per	cent.)			37.5	millilitres
Distilled Water			to		
produce .				1000	millilitres

Dissolve the Ammonium Carbonate in 800 millilitres of Distilled Water; add the Oil of Lemon and the Oil of Nutmeg, dissolved in the Alcohol (90 per cent.), the Strong Solution of Ammonia and sufficient Distilled Water to produce the required volume. Add 25 grammes of powdered tale or of kieselguhr, shake well and filter.

Characters. A nearly colourless, transparent liquid; odour and taste, pungent, aromatic and ammoniacal.

Assay. Carry out the Assay as directed under 'Spiritus Ammoniae Aromaticus'.

#### DOSES

Metric. 1 to 4 mils. Imperial.

15 to 60 minims.

Aromatic Solution of Ammonia is equivalent, in content of ammonia and ammonium carbonate, to Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia.

#### MENTHOL

#### [Menthol]

#### Menthol

 $C_{10}H_{10}OH$  . . . Mol. Wt. 156.2

Menthol is lavo-menthol, natural or synthetic, or racemic menthol, or any mixture of the stereoisomers of p-menthan-3-ol.

Characters. Colourless, acicular or prismatic, crystals; odour, penetrating, resembling that of peppermint; taste, warm and aromatic, followed by a sensation of cold.

Very soluble in alcohol (90 per cent.), in ether, and in chloroform; freely soluble in light liquid paraffin, and in essential oils.

Tests for Identity. Dissolve 0-01 gramme in 1 millilitre of sulphuric acid and add 1 millilitre of solution of vanillin in sulphuric acid; an orange-yellow colour is produced; on adding 1 millilitre of water the colour changes to violet (distinction from thymol).

Dissolve a few crystals in 1 millilitre of glacial acetic acid, add 3 drops of sulphuric acid and 1 drop of nitric acid; no green colour is developed (distinction from thymol).

Tests for Purity. An alcoholic solution is neutral to solution of litmus.

To an alcoholic solution add test-solution of ferric chloride, no colour is produced (absence of phenolic substances).

Heated on a water-bath in an open dish, it is volatilised, and leaves not more than 0.05 per cent. of residue.

Menthol may occur in the following forms:-

Lævo-Menthol, natural (obtained from the volatile oils of various species of Mentha) or synthetic.

Tests for Identity and Purity. Melting-point, 42° to 44°; specific rotation, in a 10 per cent. w/v solution in alcohol (90 per cent.), — 49° to — 50°.

Racemic Menthol.

Tests for Identity and Purity. Freezing-point, 27° to 28°, rising on prolonged stirring to 30° to 32°; melting-point, 32.5° to 34°; optically inactive.

Mixed Isomeric Menthols, any mixture of the stereoisomers of p-menthan-3-ol, of melting-point not below 31.5°.

#### DOSES

Metric. 0.03 to 0.12 gramme. Imperial.

1/2 to 2 grains.

#### MEPACRINÆ METHANOSULPHONAS

[Mepacr. Methanosulph.]

## Mepacrine Methanesulphonate

Third Addendum to the British Pharmacopæia, 1932, page 16, line 4, after "2CH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>H," insert "calculated with reference to the substance dried over sulphuric acid in a vacuum desiccator."

Before DOSES insert "Sterilisation of a Solution. Mepaerine Methanesulphonate is prepared in sterile solution for parenteral injection by dissolving it in the requisite amount of Sterilised Water, immediately before use."

#### SYRUPUS AURANTII

[Syr. Aurant.]

## Syrup of Orange

Concentrated Tincture of Orange 30 millilitres
Syrup, sufficient to produce 1000 millilitres
Mix.

DOSES

Metric. 2 to 8 mils. Imperial. 80 to 120 minims

#### TINCTURA BELLADONNÆ

[Tinct. Bellad.]

#### Tincture of Belladonna

In making this Tincture, Belladonna Leaf from Atropa Belladonna or Atropa lutescens (Indian Belladonna), or any mixture of the two, may be used. If Belladonna Leaf containing less than 0-3 per cent. of the alkaloids of Belladonna Leaf, calculated as hyoscyamine, is used, the process may be modified, provided that the product complies with the official requirements of alkaloidal content and alcohol content.

#### TINCTURÆ CONCENTRATÆ

#### Concentrated Tinctures

#### GENERAL PROCESSES

- (a) Maceration. See British Pharmacopæia, 1932, page 436, Tincture, General Processes (a).
- (b) Percolation. See British Pharmacopœia, 1932, page 436, Tincturæ, General Processes (b).
- (c) Prepare the official Tincture. Remove the alcohol from the Tincture by distillation under reduced pressure, and evaporate the residue to a soft extract at a temperature not exceeding 60°; dissolve the soft extract in a suitable quantity of the first portion of the distillate where so directed, or of menstruum of the same strength as that used for preparing the Tincture, filter, then add a sufficient quantity of the menstruum to produce 1000 millilitres.
- (d) Exhaust the powdered drug or drugs with the menstruum by percolation; remove the alcohol from the percolate by distillation under reduced pressure, and evaporate the residue to a soft extract at a temperature not exceeding 60; dissolve the soft extract in about 800 millilitres of the menstruum; filter; add the other ingredients, if any, and a sufficient quantity of the menstruum to produce 1000 millilitres. Filter if necessary.

In making the soft extract the menstruum may be replaced by Industrial Methylated Spirit, diluted so as to be of equivalent alcoholic strength, provided that the law and the statutory regulations governing the use of Industrial Methylated Spirit are observed. In particular, no Industrial Methylated Spirits whatsoever must remain in the soft extract when the distillation and evaporation processes have been completed. Industrial Methylated Spirit must not be used as the menstruum in the subsequent process of dissolving the soft extract.

A Concentrated Tincture is made as directed in the appropriate monograph. Other methods may be used provided that the product is indistinguishable from a Concentrated Tincture made by following the instructions in the monograph.

### TINCTURA AURANTII CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Aurant. Conc.]

## Concentrated Tincture of Orange

Fresh Bitter-Orange Peel, in thin slices . . . . . . . . . . . 1000 grammes Alcohol (90 per cent.) . . . . . . . . . . . . 1000 millilitres Prepare by General Process (a).

#### DOSES

Metric.

Imperial. 8 to 15 minims.

Concentrated Tincture of Orange has approximately four times the strength of Tincture of Orange.

Preparation. Syrupus Aurantii.

#### TINCTURA CAPSICI CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Capsic. Conc.]

## Concentrated Tincture of Capsicum

Capsicum, in moderately coarse powder. . . . . . . . . . . . 200 grammes

Alcohol (60 per cent.) . . . . . . . . . 1000 millilitres or a sufficient quantity

Prepare by General Process (a).

Alternatively, this Concentrated Tincture may be prepared by General Process (b), (c) or (d).

#### DOSES

Metric. 0.06 to 0.25 mil. Imperial.

Concentrated Tincture of Capsicum has approximately four times the strength of Tincture of Capsicum.

## TINCTURA CARDAMOMI COMPOSITA CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Cardam. Co. Conc.]

## Concentrated Compound Tincture of Cardamom

Cardamom,	in	mode	rately	coarse		
powder					56	grammes
Caraway, i	n	moder	rately	coarse		
powder .					56	grammes
Cinnamon,	in	mode	rately	coarse		
powder					112	grammes
Cochineal,	in	mode	rately	coarse		
powder					28	grammes
Alcohol (60 p	юr	cent.)	, suffic			_
produce		•	•		1000	millilitres

Prepare by General Process (b).

#### DOSES

Metric. 0.5 to 1 mil. Imperial. 8 to 15 minims.

Concentrated Compound Tincture of Cardamom has approximately four times the strength of Compound Tincture of Cardamom.

## TINCTURA CINCHONÆ COMPOSITA CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Cinchon. Co. Conc.]

## Concentrated Compound Tincture of Cinchona

Concentrated Compound Tincture of Cinchona contains 2 per cent. w/v of the alkaloids of Cinchona (limits 1.9 to 2.1).

Extract of Cinchona	200 grammes
Dried Bitter-Orange Peel, bruised	200 grammes
Serpentary, in moderately fine	-
powder	100 grammes
Cochineal, in moderately coarse	
powder	12 grammes
Alcohol (70 per cent.), sufficient to	-
produce	1000 millilitres

From the Dried Bitter-Orange Peel, the Serpentary and the Cochineal prepare a tincture by General Process (a) using 800 millilitres of Alcohol (70 per cent.) as menstruum, or prepare 800 millilitres of tincture by General Process (b). Dissolve the Extract of Cinchona in the tincture and add sufficient of the Alcohol (70 per cent.) to produce the required volume. Set aside for not less than forty-eight hours; filter.

Assay. Evaporate 5 millilitres to about 2 or 3 millilitres, and complete the Assay as directed under 'Extractum Cinchonæ', commencing with the words 'wash it into a separator . . .', and using, in the final extraction of the alkaloids, successive quantities of 35 millilitres of chloroform.

#### DOSES

Metric. 0.5 to 1 mil. Imperial. 8 to 15 minims.

Concentrated Compound Tineture of Cinchona has approximately four times the strength of Compound Tineture of Cinchona.

## TINCTURA GENTIANÆ COMPOSITA CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Gent. Co. Conc.]

## Concentrated Compound Tincture of Gentian

Gentian, cut small and bruised 400 grammes
Dried Bitter-Orange Peel, bruised 150 grammes
Cardamom, bruised . . . . 50 grammes
Alcohol (45 per cent.), sufficient to
produce . . . . . . . . . . 4000 millilitres

Prepare by General Process (c), using the first 500 millilitres of the distillate as the solvent for the soft extract adjust the volume to 1000 millilitres.

#### DOSES

Metric.

Imperial. 8 to 15 minims.

Concentrated Compound Tincture of Gentian has approximately four times the strength of Compound Tincture of Gentian.

#### TINCTURA LIMONIS CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Limon. Conc.]

#### Concentrated Tincture of Lemon

Lemon Peel, in thin slices . 1000 grammes . Alcohol (90 per cent.) . . 1000 millilitres

Prepare by General Process (a).

DOSES

Metric. 0-5 to 1 mil.

Imperial. 8 to 15 minims.

Concentrated Tincture of Lemon has approximately four times the strength of Tincture of Lemon.

## TINCTURA LOBELIÆ ÆTHEREA CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Lobel. Æther. Conc.]

#### Concentrated Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia

Lobelia, in moderately coarse powder . . . . 800 grammes

Spirit of Ether, sufficient to produce . . . . 1000 millilitres

Pack the powder uniformly in a conical percolator, and add sufficient Spirit of Ether to saturate the drug. When liquid begins to drop from the percolator, close the outlet, add sufficient Spirit of Ether to leave a layer above the drug, and allow maceration to continue for twenty-four hours. Allow percolation to proceed slowly, until the percolate measures about 500 millilitres. Press the marc, mix the expressed liquid with the percolate, and add sufficient Spirit of Ether to produce the required volume. Clarify by subsidence, or by filtration.

DOSES

Metric. 0.08 to 0.25 mil. Imperial. 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> to 4 minims.

Concentrated Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia has approximately four times the strength of Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia.

## TINCTURA OPII CAMPHORATA CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Opii Camph. Conc.]

## Concentrated Camphorated Tincture of Opium

Synonyms. Liquor Opii Camphoratus Concentratus: Concentrated Camphorated Solution of Opium.

Concentrated Camphorated Tincture of Opium contains 0.40 per cent. w/v of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine (limits, 0.36 to 0.44).

Tincture of	Opium				400	millilitres
Benzoic Ac	eid .				40	grammes
Camphor .	•				21	grammes
Oil of Anis	e .				24	millilitres
Alcohol (95	i per cei	ıt.)			400	millilitres
Distilled	Water,	sufl	icient	to		
produce	•				1000	millilitres

Dissolve the Benzoic Acid, Camphor and Oil of Anise in the Alcohol (95 per cent.); add the Tincture of Opium and sufficient Distilled Water to produce the required volume; filter, if necessary.

Assay. Dilute 10 millilitres to 80 millilitres with alcohol (60 per cent.). Evaporate 10 millilitres of this dilution to dryness and complete the Assay as described under 'Tinctura Opii Camphorata'.

#### DOSES

Metric. 0.25 to 0.5 mil. Imperial.
4 to 8 minims.

Concentrated Camphorated Tincture of Opium has approximately eight times the strength of Camphorated Tincture of Opium.

Concentrated Camphorated Tineture of Opium contains in 0.5 mil. 0-002 gramme and in 8 minims about  $\frac{1}{2}$  grain of morphine, calculated as anhydrous morphine.

## TINCTURA QUASSIÆ CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Quass. Conc.]

## Concentrated Tincture of Quassia

Quassia,	in	modc	rately	coarse	:		
powder					٠	400 grammes	
Alcohol (	!5 pe	e <b>r</b> cen	t.), su	fficient	to		
produce	9			•		1000 millilitres	

Prepare by General Process (d).

Alternatively, this Concentrated Tincture may be prepared by General Process (c).

#### DOSES

Metric.

Imperial. 8 to 15 minims.

Concentrated Tincture of Quassia has approximately four times the strength of Tincture of Quassia.

### TINCTURA TOLUTANA CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Tolu. Conc.]

#### Concentrated Tincture of Tolu

Synonym. Concentrated Tincture of Balsam of Tolu.

Balsam of Tolu . . . . 400 grammes

Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to

produce . . . . 1000 millilitres

Dissolve the Balsam of Tolu in 600 millilitres of Alcohol (90 per cent.); filter, and pass sufficient Alcohol (90 per cent.) through the filter to produce the required volume.

#### DOSES

Metric. 0.5 to 1 mil. Imperial.
8 to 15 minims.

Concentrated Tincture of Tolu has approximately four times the strength of Tincture of Tolu.

## TINCTURA VALERIANÆ AMMONIATA CONCENTRATA

[Tinct. Valerian. Ammon. Conc.]

### Concentrated Ammoniated Tincture of Valerian

Valerian, or Indian	ı Vale	erian,	in		
moderately coarse	powd	er		800 grammes	
Oil of Nutmeg .	•			12 millilitres	
Oil of Lemon .				8 millilitres	
Strong Solution of	Amm	onia		133 millilitres	
Alcohol (60 per cent	.), suf	licient	to		
produce .				1000 millilitres	
Daniana ku Cananal Da		a.	A	1. 1. 1/00 mm mm	

Prepare by General Process (d) using Alcohol (60 per cent.) as the menstruum.

#### DOSES

Metric.

Imperial. 8 to 15 minims.

Concentrated Ammoniated Tineture of Valerian has approximately four times the strength of Ammoniated Tineture of Valerian.

## APPENDICES

#### APPENDIX I

MATERIALS AND SOLUTIONS EMPLOYED IN TESTS

Add the following reagent:-

Paraffin, Light Liquid: of the British Pharmacopoia.

#### APPENDIX XVI

SPECIAL PROCESSES USED IN PREPARING SOLUTIONS AND SUSPENSIONS FOR PARENTERAL INJECTION

In the list headed STERILISATION OF SOLUTIONS OF PHARMACOPŒIAL SUBSTANCES, Fourth Addendum to the British Pharmacopæia, 1932, pages 52-54, after "Digoxinum. Heating in an autoclave. Alcohol (70 per cent.) being used as solvent." insert "The container is scaled by fusion of the glass, and is not opened until the solution has cooled to room temperature."

After the paragraph on Iodoxylum, insert "Mepacrinæ Methanosulphonas. Dissolving in the requisite amount of Sterilised Water, immediately before use".

## **CUMULATIVE INDEX**

#### TO THE

# FIRST, SECOND, THIRD, FOURTH AND FIFTH ADDENDA

#### TO THE

## BRITISH PHARMACOPŒIA, 1932

This index is arranged according to the alphabet, cal order of the English names of the official drugs and preparations. The Latin names of the official drugs and preparations, with the exception of Synonyms, are not included in the Index, because the text of the Addenda, like that of the Pharmacopesia, is arranged according to the alphabetical order of the Latin names.

Synonyms appear with cross references. Italic figures refer to the Appendices.

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